

Patent claims

1. A method for detecting the beginning of combustion in
an internal combustion engine (1) comprising several
5 cylinders (2, 3, 4, 5) by means of a rotation speed
signal determined for a shaft (6) of the internal
combustion engine (1), in which
 - at least one segment signal (SS), whose signal
10 length corresponds to an integral full rotation
of the shaft (6), is extracted from the rotation
speed signal, so that in the rotation angle range
represented by the signal length each cylinder
(2, 3, 4, 5) ignites one time,
 - 15 - a cylinder signal (ZS1, ZS2, ZS3, ZS4), which
substantially reproduces the operational state in
one of the cylinders (2, 3, 4, 5), is generated
from the segment signal (SS),
 - the cylinder signal (ZS1, ZS2, ZS3, ZS4) is
20 transformed into a cylinder frequency signal (FS
1, FS2, FS3, FS4) in an angle frequency range and
 - a signal information indicating the beginning of
combustion in the associated cylinder (2, 3, 4,
25 5) is extracted from the cylinder frequency
signal (FS 1, FS2, FS3, FS4) at at least one
predefined angle frequency.
2. A method according to claim 1, **characterized in that**
30 the cylinder signal (ZS1, ZS2, ZS3, ZS4) is generated
by means of extraction of a partial signal from the
segment signal (SS), the partial signal detecting the
rotation angle range, within which the concerned
cylinder (2, 3, 4, 5) ignites.
- 35 3. A method according to claim 1, **characterized in that**
the operational state in the cylinder (2), for which
the beginning of combustion is to be detected, is

the beginning of combustion is to be detected, is adjusted and in that the segment signal (SS) resulting from adjustment is used as a whole as the cylinder signal (ZS1) which is significant for this cylinder (2).

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4. A method according to one of the claims 1 to 3, **characterized in that** the cylinder frequency signal (FS1, FS2, FS3, FS4) is generated by means of a discrete Hartley-Transformation (DHT) or a discrete Fourier-Transformation (DFT) or by means of digital filtering.

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5. A method according to one of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** at least two successive segment signals (SS) are determined arithmetically.

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6. A method according to one of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** for generating the rotation speed signal a transmitter wheel (7) is used and that the inaccuracies in the segment signal (SS) resulting from transmitter wheel errors are at least largely eliminated.

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7. A method according to one of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** by means of a digital signal processing an improved segment signal (SS*), in particular with a higher scanning rate, is generated.

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8. A method according to claim 7, **characterized in that** the segment signal (SS) is subject to an interpolation method, in particular to a Lagrange- or a sinc-interpolation.

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9. A method according to claim 7, **characterized in that** the segment signal (SS) is subject to a frequency

transformation, in particular to a discrete Hartley-Transformation or a discrete Fourier-Transformation.

- 5 10. A method according to one of the preceding claims,
characterized in that the signal information including
the beginning of combustion is used for regulating the
beginning of combustion.